- (3) Vertically operated doors partially opened for work or ventilation shall be secured to prevent accidental closing.
- (b) *Tackle operated*. (1) The door shall be connected to its lifting tackle with shackles or equally secure means.
- (2) Lifting bridles and tackles shall have a safety factor of five, based upon maximum anticipated static loading conditions.
- (3) Devices shall be provided to hold overhead doors in the open position and to secure them when closed.
- (4) Lifting gear and hardware shall be maintained in safe condition.
- (5) Lifting ropes, when used, shall be placed out of the work area and off the floor
- (c) Horizontal sliding. (1) Horizontal sliding door rollers shall be constructed to prevent the door from jumping from overhead tracks.
- (2) Sliding doors shall be secured to prevent them from swinging.

## §1917.115 Platforms and skids.

- (a) Platforms and skids extending from piers, transit sheds or lofts and used for landing or hooking on drafts shall be provided at the open sides with guardrails meeting the requirements of §1917.112(c) or alternate means, such as nets, to protect employees against falls.
- (b) Any employee working below a second-story platform or skid shall be protected from falling objects by a net stretched from the platform or skid to the vessel.
- (c) Platforms and skids shall be strong enough to bear the loads handled and shall be maintained in safe condition. Safe working loads, which shall be posted or marked on or adjacent to platforms and skids, shall have a minimum safety factor of five for any part, based upon maximum anticipated static loading conditions and the ultimate strength of the construction material.
- (d) The employer shall provide and maintain platform and skid attachments that will prevent accidental movement of the skid or platform.

## § 1917.116 Elevators and escalators.

(a) "Elevator" means a permanent hoisting and lowering mechanism with

- a car or platform moving vertically in guides and serving two or more floors of a structure. The term excludes such devices as conveyors, tiering or piling machines, material hoists, skip or furnace hoists, wharf ramps, lift bridges, car lifts and dumpers.
- (b) "Escalator" means a power-driven continuous moving stairway principally intended for the use of persons.
- (c) No elevator or escalator with a defect which affects safety shall be used.
- (d) Elevator safety devices shall not be overridden or made inoperable.
- (e) Elevators and escalators shall be thoroughly inspected at intervals not exceeding one year. Additional monthly inspections for satisfactory operation shall be conducted by designated persons. Records of the results of the latest annual elevator inspections shall be posted in elevators. Records of annual escalator inspections shall be posted in the vicinity of the escalator or be available at the terminal.
- (f) Elevator landing openings shall be provided with doors, gates or equivalent protection which shall be in place when the elevator is not at that landing, to prevent employees from falling into the shaft.
- (g) The elevator's or escalator's maximum load limits shall be posted and not exceeded. Elevator load limits shall be posted conspicuously both inside and outside of the car.
- (h) Elevators shall be operated only by designated persons except for automatic or door interlocking elevators which provide full shaft door closing and automatic car leveling.

[48 FR 30909, July 5, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 28551, July 13, 1984; 61 FR 5509, Feb. 13, 1996]

## § 1917.117 Manlifts.

- (a) Inspection. Manlifts shall be inspected monthly by a designated person. Safety switches shall be checked weekly. Manlifts found to be unsafe shall not be operated until repaired. Inspections shall include at least the following:
  - (1) Step fastenings;
  - (2) Rails;
  - (3) Rail supports and fastenings;
  - (4) Roller and slides;
  - (5) Belt and belt tension;